

Phonemic Awareness Skills Screener Assessment for 2nd grade & above: FORM A

Purpose: This Screener Assessment can be administered to students in 2nd grade and above to determine if the Heggerty Phonemic Awareness curriculum should be part of a child's intervention instruction. Each assessment includes specific weeks in the Heggerty Primary Curriculum that can be used to plan for whole group or small group instruction, addressing specific areas of need. The Bridge the Gap Intervention lessons have a Placement Assessment that is specific to that curriculum and can be accessed at www.heggerty.org/btg.

Assessment Materials:

The materials required for this assessment include:

- → One copy of the assessment for each student
- Pencil

Administering the Assessment:

- The assessment is administered individually to students.
- Phonemic awareness is oral and auditory, so the assessment administrator will record all responses. There is no student copy provided for the student, and the students do not read or write words during the assessment.
- Record student errors in the 'Student Response' column, as this can inform instruction.
- Indicate a correct response with a checkmark in the 'Results' column.
- Options for correct and incorrect responses are provided for teacher administration.

Discontinue: You may discontinue the skill if there are no correct responses within the first 3 words.

Response Time: If a student is unable to give a response within 4 seconds, the administrator can move onto the next assessment word. Indicate this in the 'Observations' checklist for each skill. Additionally, if a student produces a correct answer after 4 seconds you can mark this as correct, but you would want to note that the student response was not automatic.

Visual Support and Hand Motions: We do not require hand motions to be used during this assessment administration. However, if the administrator finds that visuals such as counters or chips, or tapping/chopping sounds would be helpful, he/she may decide to use these as a support. This would be noted in the Observations space for each skill.

Observations: There is a place to record student observations for each skill, and overall with the scoring guidelines. These observations can be used to inform instruction during whole group lessons or for intervention.

Proficiency: A student is considered to be phonemically proficient or reach mastery when they are able to score 80% or higher automatically (under 4 seconds) and without the use of supports.



Student Name:	Assessment Date:
Stadent Name	ASSESSITION DATE:

Form A: Phonemic Awareness Skills Screener Assessment for 2nd Grade and Above

Initial Phoneme Isol	ation: (Onset Fluency)		
	•	nd isolate the first sound we hear. T	he word is
heard. The first sound we	hear in the word <i>heard</i> is /t	n/.	
Now it's your turn. What is	the first sound you hear in	the word part?	
·		•	
Correct response	Yes, /p/ is the first sound w	·	
Incorrect response	/p/, part. /p/ is the first sou Can you say, /p/, part?	ınd we hear in the word <i>part</i> .	
		is the first sound you hear in the wo	
Teacher Note: If a student res What is the first sound you he		ther than the letter sound say, "That is a	ı letter name.
Word	Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. matter	/m/		
2. rocket	/r/		
3. puddle	/p/		
4. summer	/s/		
5. guest	/g/		
			/5
Observations: check all the ch	e instead of sound at does not isolate a phone	me	
Heggerty Phonemic Aware	eness lessons for initial pho	neme isolation:	
Primary: Weeks 1-24	Bridge the Gap: Part 1, Les	sons 1-12	



Blending Phonem	es			
			vord and blend those sounds to se 3 sounds together, /n – ī - s/,	
Now it's your turn. Liste	n to these	sounds and tell me the who	ole word: /r - ĕ- d/. What is the	word?
Correct response	Yes, wher	n you blend the sounds, /r -	ĕ - d/, the word is <i>red</i>	
Incorrect response		en you blend the 3 sounds, e - d/, <i>red</i> .	/r – ĕ – d/, the word is <i>red</i> . Say	it back to
Teacher: I will say the so	ounds. Wh	at is the word?		
Sounds		Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. d – ō – m		dome		
2. h – ĕ – d		head		
3. I – ĭ – f – t		lift		
4. s-l-ē-p		sleep		
5. b-l-ă-s-t		blast		
				/5
adds or omits so	ids and the unds wher ins to blend	en blends into a word n blending into a word d sounds into a word		
Heggerty Phonemic Aw	areness le	ssons to teach blending ph	nonemes:	
Primary: Weeks 8-27		Bridge the Gap: Part 2, Les	sons 11-25	
additional assessments	to evaluate		ne 1 st grade Baseline assessment s skills: Blending & Segmenting Sy na Onset – Rime.	



Final Phoneme Is	olation			
Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word and isolate the last sound in the word. The word is $start$. The last sound I hear in the word $start$ is $/t/$. Can you say that; $start$, $/t/$?				
Now it's your turn: farm		ne last sound you hear i		
Correct Response	Yes, /m/ is	the last sound you hea	r in the word <i>farm</i> .	
Incorrect Response			the word <i>farm. Farm,</i> /m/. the last sound you hear in the w	ord farm?
	t responds w		ne <u>last sound you hear in the word</u> than the letter sound say, "That is a l	
Word		Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. twine		/n/		
2. gift		/t/		
3. glaze		/z/		
4. splash		/sh/		
5. kind		/d/		
				/5
Observations: check all that apply provides letter name instead of sound repeats the word but does not isolate a phoneme response time more than 4 seconds hand motion is used to isolate the sound no response				
Heggerty Phonemic Awareness lessons to teach final phoneme isolation .				
Primary: Weeks 1-8, 12, 20, 23,		Bridge the Gap: Part 1,	Lessons 13-24	



Listen. <i>Knock,</i> /n – ŏ -	ion Direction k/. I hear			
Correct response		, ,	into sounds, you hear /w - ĭ - n/.	
Incorrect response	When I s to me: w	egment the word <i>win</i> into sou in, /w – ĭ – n/	ınds, I hear 3 sounds, /w – ĭ – n/.	Say it back
Teacher: I will say a v	vord and y	you will repeat it. What are the	e sounds you hear in the word	
Word		Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. math		m – ă – th		
2. night		n – ī – t		
3. steep		s-t-ē-p		
4. cloud		c – l – ou – d		
5. lunch				
				/5
adds or omits	ord and th sounds whitions to se	en segments into sounds hen segmenting egment a word into sounds		
Heggerty Phonemic Awareness lessons to teach segmenting into phonemes :				
Primary: Weeks 8-27	1	Bridge the Gap: Part 2 , Lesso	ons 11-25	



Medial Phoneme Is	solation		
		d I will isolate the middle or vowel ear in the word <i>need</i> is /ē/. Can	
Now it's your turn. I will s in the word <i>hot</i> ?	ay a word and you will repeat	it: <i>hot</i> . What is the middle or vowe	el sound you hear
Correct response	Yes, /ŏ/ is the middle/vowel s	sound you hear in the word <i>hot</i> .	
Incorrect response		d you hear in the word <i>hot</i> . Hot, /dat sound do you hear in the midd	
word _ ?		What is the <u>middle/vowel</u> sound	
is the <u>sound</u> you hear?"	esponds with the letter name rath	er than the letter sound say, "That is	a letter name. What
Word	Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. stick	/ĭ/		
2. shake	/ā/		
3. bird	/ir/		
4. deep	/ē/		
5. mouth	/ou/		
			/5
Observations: check al provides letter nar repeats the word hand motion used response time mo no response	ne instead of sound I but does not isolate a phone I to isolate sound	me	
Heggerty Phonemic Awa	reness lessons to teach medic	al phoneme isolation:	
Primary: Weeks 10-12, 14- 19, 21-25, 27, 29,		essons 25-36	



Adding Initial Phonemes				
		a word part. I will add a sou the beginning, the word is g		make a
Now it's your turn. Say	/-oak/. Add /s/ at the	beginning and the word is: (Teacher can us	? se hand motion from the c	:urriculum.)
Correct response	Yes, when you add /s	s/ to /-oak/, the word is soc	ak.	
Incorrect response	When I add /s/ to /-a//s/ - /oak/, soak.	oak/, the word is soak. Can	you say it back to me?	
Teacher: I will say a wo beginning. What is the		ay it back to me. Then I will	tell you a sound to add	at the
Rime/Word Part	Add /*/	Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. /-ox/	/b/	box		
2. /-ice/	/n/	nice		
3. /-air/	/ch/	chair		
4. /-each/	/r/	reach		
5. /-ooth/	/t/	tooth		
				/5
Observations: check all that apply responds with a pause between the first sound and the word part (does not say the whole word) student requires hand motion to add initial sound response time more than 4 seconds no response				
Heggerty Phonemic Awareness lessons to teach adding initial phonemes :				
Primary: Weeks 5-18, 28, 29, 32, 35 Bridge the Gap: Part 3, Lessons 1-10				



Deleting Initial Ph	onemes			
Teacher Administration left. The word is <i>boat</i> . W			y the first sound and tell you	what is
Now it's your turn. Say,	right. Without /r/, v	_	can use hand motion from the c	urriculum.)
Correct response	Yes, right without	:/r/ is /-ight/.		
Incorrect response	Let's try again. Sc	ay, <i>right</i> . Without /r/, who	at's left is /-ight/. Can you sa	y /-ight/?
Teacher: I will say a wo beginning. What is left_	rd, and you will say	/ it back to me. Then I wi	ll tell you a sound to take aw	ay at the
Word	Without /*/	Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. shelf	/sh/	/-elf/		
2. choose	/ch/	/-ooze/		
3. fear	/f/	/-ear/		
4. rhyme	/r/	/-ime/		
5. wait	/w/	/-ait/		
				/5
Observations: check of the chec	eating the whole w ore than 4 second			
Heggerty Phonemic Awareness lessons to teach deleting initial phonemes :				
Primary: Weeks 5-18, 28, 29, 32, 35 Bridge the Gap: Part 3 , Lessons 1-10				



Substituting Initio	Il Phonemes			
Teacher Administration Directions: I will say a word. I will change the first sound to make a new word. Listen, the word is <i>went</i> . Change /w/ to /t/ and the word is <i>tent</i> .				
Now it's your turn. Say l	ike. Change /I/ to	/b/ and the word is?		
Correct response	Yes, when you ch	nange /I/ to /b/, the wor	d is <i>bike</i> .	
Incorrect response	Let's try it again. you say <i>bike</i> ?	Say, like. Change /I/ to	/b/ and the word is b-ike, bike	e. Can
Teacher: I will say a wornew word?	rd, and you will sa	y it back to me. I will tel	l you the sound to change. Wh	nat is the
Word	Change	Correct Response	Student Response	Results
1. nest	/n/ to /w/	west		
2. rock	/r/ to /s/	sock		
3. born	/b/ to /k/	corn		
4. dish	/d/ to /f/	fish		
5. theme	/th/ to /t/	team		
				/5
Observations: check all that apply responds by repeating the whole word response time more than 4 seconds student uses hand motion to substitute first sound no response				
Heggerty Phonemic Awareness lessons to teach substituting initial phonemes :				
Primary: Weeks 5-17, 29, 32 Bridge the Gap: Part 3, Lessons 29-38				



Guidelines for Scoring the Screener Phonemic Awareness Assessment

Teachers: Use the chart below to record student score. The skills that have a score below 80% would be the specific skills that can be targeted for instruction during a phonemic awareness intervention if the teacher also notices that the child is struggling to decode or encode words in print. Use the section at the bottom to record anecdotal notes about the student's strengths and areas of need. This can be especially helpful when planning intervention activities to help a child master a skill.

Strand assessments for Adding, Deleting, and Substituting Phonemes can be used as follow-up assessments to determine if a child can successfully manipulate phonemes beyond the tasks included here. These include 3 additional assessments for Adding and Deleting Phonemes and 3 assessments for Substituting Phonemes. They can be found at www.heggerty.org/downloads

Phonemic Awareness Skill	Total	Student Score
Onset Fluency	5	
Blending Phonemes	5	
Isolating Final Sounds	5	
Segmenting Words into Phonemes	5	
Isolating Medial Sounds	5	
Adding Initial Phonemes	5	
Deleting Initial Phonemes	5	
Substituting Initial Phonemes	5	

Results Summary:

Identify and record areas of strength and need, as well as a plan for intervention below.

Areas of Strength:

Areas of Need & Plan for Intervention: